



Community Right to Know: Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Tools for Communities

Coachella Valley EJ Task Force September 25, 2019

Angela Baranco TRI Program Coordinator USEPA Region 9



Presentation Outline

- What is the Toxics Release Inventory?
- Which facilities are subject?
- What information is reported by facilities?
- Where is TRI information found?
- How is TRI information used?



What is the Toxics Release Inventory?



EPA information resource

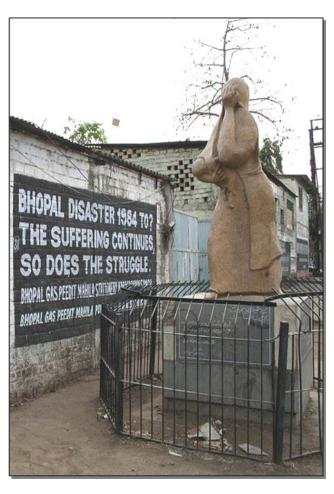
- ✓ For the public
- Listed toxic chemicals
- Released into the environment
- **✔** By certain facilities

The TRI currently covers

- About 675 chemicals/categories
- Over 20,000 facilities across U.S.

What is the Toxics Release Inventory?





Bhopal Memorial

Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) 1986

Bhopal, India. December 1984

Union Carbide plant release Methyl isocyanate gas

Institute, West Virginia. August 1985

Union Carbide plant release

Aldicarb oxime and other chemicals



EPCRA Section 313

- Right of public access to information on toxic chemical hazards in their communities
- Responsibility of facilities that manufacture, process or otherwise use listed toxic chemicals to report releases annually
- Requires EPA to collect, maintain and make available to the public the TRI data reported by facilities



What is a "release"?

A "release" refers to any of the ways that toxic chemicals enter the environment from industrial facilities.









AIR: Fugitive or On-site

WATER

LAND



Which facilities must report to TRI?

1. Facility must be in a TRI-covered industry sector or category.



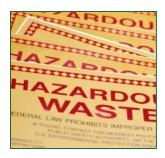
Manufacturing



Coal/Oil Electricity Generation



Certain Mining Facilities



Hazardous Waste Management



Federal Facilities

- 2. Facility must have the equivalent of at least 10 full-time employees.
- 3. Facility must manufacture, process or use at or over the threshold established for any TRI-listed toxic chemical in a calendar year.



What do facilities report to TRI?





- Air (On-site and Fugitive)
- Water
- Land



Transfer of chemical waste to off-site locations

Other waste management

- Recycling
- Treatment
- Energy Recovery



Pollution prevention activities

What is the Toxics Release Inventory?



Some limitations of TRI data

- Annual data: Facilities report July 1 for previous calendar year.
- Covers some, but not all toxic chemicals and not all industry sectors.
- Does not include facilities with fewer than 10 employees.
- Does not apply to facilities that don't meet the threshold for a TRI-listed chemical, even if the facility has releases.
- Does not cover all sources of pollution, e.g. cars and trucks.
- Does not describe how long or how often chemicals were released.

For more information, see "Factors to Consider When Using TRI Data" at: www2.epa.gov/toxics-release-inventory-tri-program/factors-consider-when-using-toxics-release-inventory-data



Why is TRI Important to Communities?

- TRI can help Communities:
 - Identify which chemicals are being released by facilities located on or near their homes and communities
 - Track increases or reductions of toxic chemical releases from facilities over time;
 - Prioritize efforts to address pollution from facilities located on or near homes and communities.



What can TRI data tell us?

- How many TRI facilities operate in the community and where they are located,
- Which chemicals are being released by TRI facilities,
- Whether facilities have increases or reductions of toxic chemical releases in the community over time,
- How facility releases in a community compare with similar facilities in other areas across the country,
- Whether a facility has implemented Pollution Prevention activities or other efforts to improve environmental performance.

Accessing TRI Information

- -Several pathways
- -Easy to find via Google, Bing, etc.
- -Improved navigation & speed
- -TRI program encourages user feedback for making tools more intuitive & user-friendly



How to access TRI data - myRTK

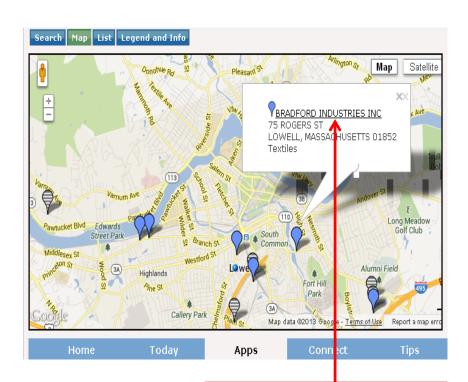
 Easy to use application available in English and Spanish

Go to:
 www.epa.gov/tri/myrtk
 Enter your location
 Click "Find Facilities"

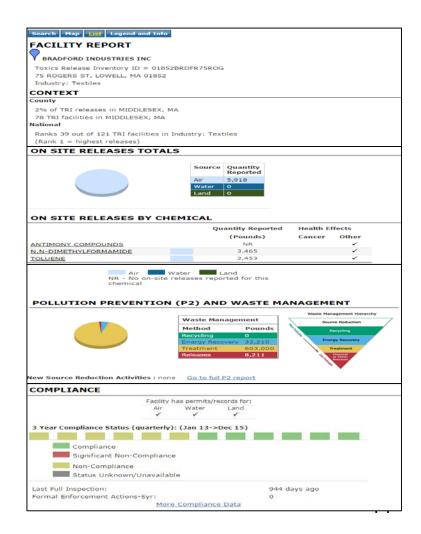




Summary TRI Facility Report - myRTK



Click on the bubble and facility name to see a summary facility report





How to access TRI data – National Analysis

- EPA's summary and interpretation of the most recent TRI data
- Analyses of national trends, specific chemicals, industry sectors, and geographic areas
- Links to data access tools and downloadable data files

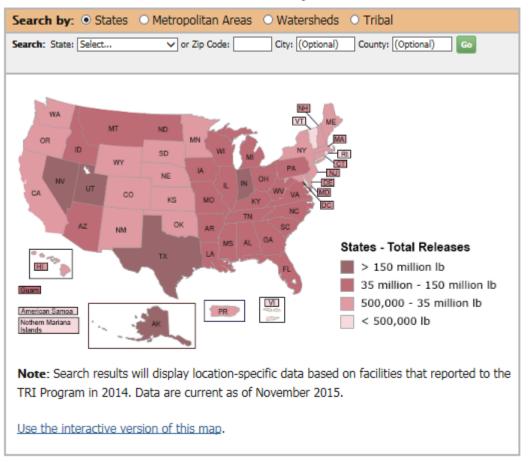


www.epa.gov/trinationalanalysis



How to access TRI data – TRI Fact Sheets

Find TRI Factsheets for Your Community



Find TRI Facilities
Street
City
State
Zip
Find Facilities
Note: Search results will display
facilities that reported to the TRI
Program in 2014. Data are current as
of October 2015. Search uses the
myRTK tool.





2014 TRI Factsheet: State – California

2014 Dataset (released March 2016)

The Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) tracks the management of certain toxic chemicals that may pose a threat to human health and the environment. Certain industrial facilities in the U.S. must report annually how much of each chemical is recycled, combused for energy recovery, treated for destruction, and disposed of or otherwise released on- and off-set. This information is collectively referred to as production-related waster management.

Map of TRI Facilities in California



	California	United States
Number of TRI Facilities:	1,280	21,841
Total Production- Related Waste Managed:	574.7 million lbs	25.3 billion lbs
Total On-site and Off- site Disposal or Other Releases:	27.7 million lbs	3.9 billion lbs
Total On-site:	23.3 million lbs	3.4 billion lbs
• Air:	8.4 million lbs	739.2 million lbs
Water:	2.9 million lbs	215.5 million lbr

11.9 million lbs

4.4 million lbs

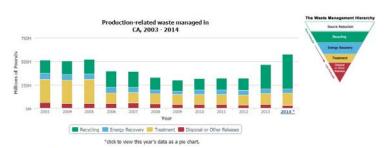
2.5 billion lbs

450.6 million lbs

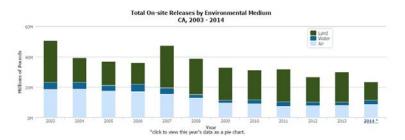
California ranks 48 out of 56 states/territories nationwide based on total releases per square mile (Rank 1 = highest releases)

Looking at production-related waste managed over time helps track progress in reducing waste generated and moving toward safer waste management methods. EPA encourages facilities to first eliminate waste at its source (source reduction). For waste that is generated, the preferred management method is recycling, followed by energy recovery, treatment, and as a last resort, disposing of or otherwise releasing the waste. Under the Pollution Prevention Act of followed progress in reducing waste generation and moving towards safer waste management alternatives. Learn more about Pollution Revention and TRL.

Total Off-Site:

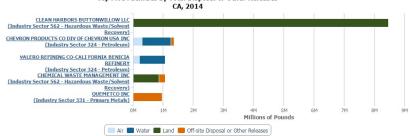


The following charts represent releases of TRI-covered chemicals to the environment in the State of California. A "release" of a chemical means that it is emitted to the air or water, placed in some type of land disposal, or transferred off-site for disposal or release.



TRI Fact Sheets

Top Five Facilities by Total Disposal or Other Releases



Top Five Chemicals Released to Air and Water



Note: **=Carcinogenic Chemical

Note: Trend graphs were created using the 2001 core chemicals/industries list.

†Top of Page



How Communities use TRI Data

- Find out if there is a TRI facility in or near their homes or schools using the TRI Data Tools
- Find out if a facility of concern is in compliance with EPA laws and regulations using EPA's Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO) application.
 - https://echo.epa.gov
- Report a suspected violation of environmental laws or regulations
 - https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-incidents/report-spillsand-environmental-violations



For more information about TRI:

- Call EPA's TRI Information Center:
 1-800-424-9346. Select option #3 for TRI
- Visit the TRI Program's website: www.epa.gov/tri
- Contact the TRI Help Desk by email: <u>tri.help@epa.gov</u>
- Contact EPA Region 9 TRI Coordinator Angela Baranco
 baranco.angela@epa.gov (415) 947-4262